LGK-100/120/160/200IGBT PLASMA CUTTING MACHINE

MANUAL INSTRUCTION

(PLEASE READ IT CAREFULLY BEFORE OPERATION)

Safety Depends on You

HUAYUAN arc welding and cutting equipments are designed and built with ample safety consideration. However, proper installing and operating can ensure your safety.

DO NOT INSTALL, OPERATE OR REPAIR THIS EQUIPMENT CASUALLY WITHOUT READING THIS MANUAL THROUGHOUT.

Special Notes (Very Important):

1. Pay attention to avoiding the machine falling down when it is placed on the gradient ground.

2. It is forbidden to unfreeze the pipeline by the cutter.

3. The shield rank of this series of cutter is IP21S, so working in rain is not suitable.

4. The cutter has external static characteristic with rated duty cycle 100%, which means the machine can work continuously at the rated cutting current. The machine has the function of thermal protection. When the internal temperature exceeds a set temperature, thermal protection moves on and the abnormity indicator lamp on the panel turns ON, then there is no output in cutter. The machine can become normal and work only after the internal temperature drops down and the

abnormity indicator lamp on the panel turns OFF.

Purchase Date: _	
Serial Number: _	
Machine Model:	
Purchase Place:	

Cautions

Arc and arc rays can hurt.

All performing welding workers ought to have health qualification from the authority organization to prevent you and others from arc radiation and burn. It should be prevented for children to enter into dangerous area as well.

Be careful reading the following important items and the welder safety byelaw from the authority organization. Be sure that qualified professionals perform all installation, maintenances and repair procedures.

1 Electric shock: The welding circuits are not insulated when welding. If you touch the two output electrodes of the machine with your bare skin at the same time, it will lead to electric shock, sometimes even fatal dangers. Users need to follow the items below to avoid electric shocks:

- If possible, lay some insulating materials, which are dry and large enough, in your working field. Otherwise, use the automatic or semiautomatic welding machine, DC welding machine as possible as you can.
- Components in the automatic and semiautomatic welding machine such as the welding wire reel, feed wheel, contact tip and welding head are all electric components.
- Always be sure the machine has been connected perfectly to the work piece with the work cables and should be as close as possible to the working area.
- The work piece should be grounded perfectly.
- Make sure that the insulating material of the electrode holder, the grounding clamp, the welding cable and the welding head are not affected by damp, mildewed or spoilt, and be replaced momentarily.
- Never dip the electrode in water for cooling.
- Never touch electric components of two welding machines at the same time, because this voltage is supposed to be two times of welding voltage while the grounding mode is not clear.
- While working high above the ground or other places having the risk of falling, please be sure to wear safety belt to avoid losing balance caused by electric shock.
 - **2 Arc**: Use an arc welding mask to protect your eyes and skin from sparks and the rays of the arc, pay special attention to the filter glass, which must be conformable to the national standard.
 - Use clothing made from durable flame-resistant material or sailcloth to protect your skin from hurting by the arc rays.
- Remind other nearby personnel before working lest arc rays hurt them by accident.
- 3 Fumes and Gases: Welding may produce fumes and gases hazardous to health. Avoid breathing these fumes and gases. While working in limited room, use enough ventilation and/or exhaust to keep fumes and gases away from the breathing zone, or use the respirator. Do not weld at the same time when using of degreasing, cleaning or spraying operations. The heat and rays of the arc can react with these gases to form phosgene, a highly toxic gas,
- Some protective gases used in welding might displace the oxygen in the air, and can lead to hurt or even death.
- Read and understand the manufacturer's instructions for this equipment, and validate the health certification of consumptive materials, make sure they are innocuous.
 - **4 Spatter**: Spatter can cause fire or explosion.
 - Remove fire hazards from the welding area. Remember that spatter from welding can easily go through small cracks and touch fire hazards. Protect all kinds of lines going though welding area, including hydraulic lines in the wild.
- Where compressed gases are to be used in the field, special precautions should be used to prevent explosion.

_

- When welding stops, make certain that no live part is touching the work piece or the work stage. Accidental contact can create a fire hazard.
- Do not weld containers or lines, which are not proved to be innocuous.
- It is very dangerous to heat, cut or weld tanks or containers at entry holes. Does not start work until the proper steps have been taken to insure that there is no flammable or toxic gas.
- Spatter might cause burn. Wear leather gloves, heavy shirt, cuffless trousers, high shoes and a cap over your hair to prevent from burning by spatter. Wear the ear shield when performing sideways or face up welding.

 Always wear safety glasses with side shields when being in a welding area.
- The welding cables should be as close to the welding area as possible, and the short, the better. Avoid welding cables going through the building framework, lifting chains, AC or DC cables of other welding machines and appliances. The welding current is strong enough to damage them while having short circuit with them.

5 Cylinder: Damage of it might cause explosion.

- Make sure that the gas in the storage cylinder is qualified for welding, and the decompression flow-meter, the adapter and the pipe are all in good condition.
- Make sure that the installation of cylinder is by the wall and bundled tightly by a chain.
- Be sure to put the cylinder in the working space with no crash or shake, and far from welding area.
- It is forbidden to touch cylinder with the welding clamp or the work cables.
- Avoid facing the cylinder while installing the decompression flow-meter or the gasometer.
- When not working, please tighten the valve.

6 Power: (For electrically powered welding and cutting equipment) Turn off input power before installation, maintenances and repair, so that avoid accident.

- HUAYUAN welding equipment is I class safeguard equipment; please install the equipment in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations by specific persons.
- Ground the equipment perfectly in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations.

7 Power: (For engine driven welding and cutting equipment)

- Work in ventilated place or outdoors.
- Do not add fuel near to fire or during engine starting or welding. When not working, add fuel after engine is cooling down; otherwise, the evaporation of hot fuel would result in dangers. Do not splash fuel out of the fuel tank, and do not start the engine until complete evaporation of the outside fuel.
 - Make sure that all the safeguard equipment, machine cover and devices are all in a good condition. Be sure that arms, clothes and all the tools do not touch all the moving and rotating components including V belt, gear and fan etc.
- Sometimes having to dismantle some parts of the device during maintenance, but must keep safety awareness strongly every time.
- Do not put your hand close to fans and do not move the brake handle while operating.
- Please remove the connection between the engine and the welding equipment to avoid sudden starting during maintenance.
- When engine is hot, it is forbidden to open the airtight cover of the radiator water tank to avoid hurt by the hot vapor.
 - **8 Electromagnetic**: Welding current going though any area can generate electromagnetic, as well as the welding equipment itself.
 - Electromagnetic would affect cardiac pacemaker, the cardiac pacemaker users should consult one's doctor first.
- The effect of electromagnetic to one's health is not confirmed, so it might have some negative effect to

_

one's health.

- Welders may use following method to reduce the hazardous of electromagnetic:
- a. Bundle the cable connected to the work piece and the welding cable together.
- b. Do not enwind partially or entirely your body with the cable.
- c. Do not place yourself between the welding cable and the ground (work piece) cable, if the welding cable is by your left side, then the ground cable should be by your left side too.
- d. The Welding cable and the ground cable are as short as possible.
- e. Do not work near to the welding power source.

9 Lift Equipment: carton or wooden boxes package the welding machines supplied by HUAYUAN. There is no lifting equipment in its wrapper. Users can move it to the prospective area by a fork-lift truck, and then open the box.

- If having rings, the machine can be transited using rings. While HUAYUAN Welding Machine Manufacture reminds users, there is possible risk to damage the welding machine. It is better to push the welding machine moving in use of its rollers unless special situations.
- Be sure that the appurtenances are all removed off when lifting.
- When lifting, make sure that there is no person below the welding machine, and remind people passing by at any moment.
- Do not move the hoist too fast.

10 Noise: HUAYUAN Welding Machine Manufacture reminds users: Noise beyond the limit (over 80 db) can cause injury to vision, heart and audition depending on oneself. Please consult local medical institution. Use the equipment with doctor's permission would help to keeping healthy.

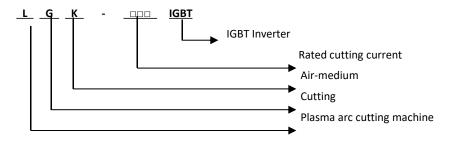
_

CONTENT

1 Summary	1
1.1 Model description	1
1.2 Features	1
1.3 Usage	1
1.4 Symbol instructions	1
2 Safety and attention	2
3 Working Environment Requirements	3
3.1 Environmental condition	3
3.2 Power supply condition	3
4 Technical parameters	3
4.1 Main technical parameters	3
4.2 Plasma gas condition	4
4.3 External characteristic curve	4
5 System instruction	4
6 Installation and operation	5
6.1 Moving and lifting	5
6.2 Open the packing and check	5
6.3 The fix and installation of the plasma power source	5
6.4 The connection of three phase input cable	6
7 Panel and its functions	9
8 Protection function introduction1	2
9 Operation	2
10 Cutting technology instruction1	4
10.1 The related main technical parameters	4
10.2 Eliminate the cutting burr	5
11 Troubleshooting & repair1	6
12 Packing list	g

1 Summary

1.1 Model description



1.2 Features

LGK-100/160/200IGBT inverter air plasma cutting machine is a new generated cutter of our company. It has good characteristics as following:

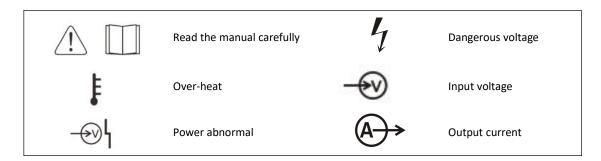
- 1) This cutting machine adopts IGBT inverter technology which has high reliability and efficiency. It is light weight.
- 2) Pre-set current function. Step-less adjustable cutting current, suitable for cutting various thickness work-piece. To ensure cutting quality and save energy, low current is applied to cut thin plate, and high current is applied to cut thick plate.
- 3) External and dynamic characteristics cutter are significantly better than leakage-reactance typed cutter. High success rate in striking arc. Stable cutting current. Good arc stiffness. Clean and smooth incision. Excellent technology performance.
- 4) It has the function of ascending current slowly, which can effectively extend the work life of wearing parts and cutting torch.
- 5) Quite suitable for CNC automatic cutting and has all signal output which is required by CNC control.
- 6) The cutting current is very stable and it will not be influenced by grid voltage fluctuation.
- 7) 100% duty cycle. It can work continuously under max current.
- 8) Have over/ under voltage and phase missing protection function.

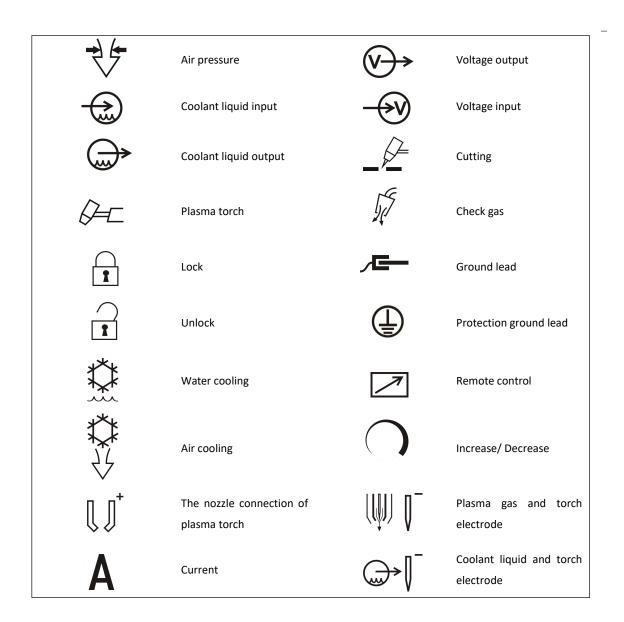
1.3 Usage

It is suitable for cutting kinds of metal materials like low carbon steel, alloy steel and non-ferrous metal and is widely applied in the manufacturing of boiler pressure container, chemical container, industrial power station construction, metallurgy, aerospace industry, automobiles, building an so on.

1.4 Symbol instructions

There are below symbols on this machine.





2 Safety and attention



Please follow the notes for the safety of you and others.

It is forbidden to unfreeze the pipe line by cutting power or other usages except for cutting.

- The cutter casing should ground reliably. Please make sure the grounding bolts of power ground reliably in case of electric shock.
 - Cutter is the equipment with high voltage. Please wear insulated protective shield when cutting.
 - When exchanging torch and wearing parts, please turn off the supply power first.
 - Protective shield should be worn.
 - In order to avoid any hurt to eyes from ultraviolet radiation and strong light and to skin from spatter, please wear protective shield according to related rules and regulations of labor protection.
 - It is forbidden to inhale harmful gases.
 - The fumes and gases produced during cutting is hazardous to health. Please wear protective shields and install aerator according to related rules and regulations of labor protection.
 - Cutting cannot proceed in closed container.
 - The work-piece just after being cut is at high temperature. Please prevent from scald.
 - Protective gas cylinder and air compressor must be placed in a fixed position and prevented from collision.
 - Cutter and cutting place should be far away from flammable materials.

- Prevent foreign bodies from entering inside the machine. And protect the cable from sharp materials.
- Protect the machine from fall or collision.
 In case of fall or collision, it can be used only after professional checking.
- In the surface or inside of the cutting work-piece, there should be no flammable and explosive materials or chemical materials harmful to human.
 - Installation and repair person must have state-authorized electrician operation certificate.
 - Cutting operation person should read this manual carefully and know the operation method well.

3 Working Environment Requirements

3.1 Environmental condition

- Please use the machine in a clear place without any of dust, corrosive gas and inflammables and explosives; Do
 not use it in open air and rain;
- Required air relative humidity should $\leq 90\%$ (at 20° C), 40° C $\leq 50\%$ (at 40° C);
- Environment temperature range should be at-10 $^{\circ}$ C \sim 40 $^{\circ}$ C;
- The coolant liquid can not be frozen when use;
- Any metal materials can not be put on or insider the power source;
- Keep the machine away from the wall of some other closure things at least 30cm, two machines distance at least 30cm.
- Use it under altitude lower than 1000m.

3.2 Power supply condition

- 1) Power supply: $3\sim380V/50Hz$;
- 2) Voltage fluctuation range <±10%;
- 3) Frequency fluctuation range < ±1%;
- 4) Unbalance rate of three phase voltage <±5%;
- 5) When use engine generator: the output power of the generator have to be 2 times higher than the rated power of the plasma power source, with compensating coil;

4 Technical parameters

4.1 Main technical parameters

Model Parameter	LGK-100IGBT	LGK-120IGBT	LGK-160IGBT	LGK-200IGBT	
Rated input voltage		3~380/415\	/ 50/60Hz		
Rated input capacity	17.8 KVA	22.4 KVA	32.2KVA	46.5KVA	
Rated output current	100A	120A	160A	200A	
Rated output voltage	120V	128V	144V	160V	
Rated duty cycle		100	0%		
Open circuit voltage	300	OVDC	315VDC		
Current adjust range	30∼100A	30∼120A	40∼160A	40∼200A	
Quality cutting thickness (Manual	0.3~22mm	0.3~25mm	1∼35mm	1∼45mm	
type for					
Carbon Steel)					
Quality cutting thickness (Machine	Quality cutting thickness (Machine 0.3~1+		1~18mm	1∼25mm	
type for	2mm				
Carbon Steel)					

Max. cutting thickness (Carbon	40mm	45mm	55mm	65mm
Steel)				
Plasma gas		Compre	ssed air	
The working plasma gas	0.4∼0.6MPa	$0.4{\sim}0.6$ MPa	0.4∼0.6MPa	0.45∼0.6MPa
pressure				
Torch cooling mode	Air cooling	Air cooling	Air cooling / Water	Air cooling / Water
			cooling	cooling
Arc striking mode		Non-co	ontact	
Insulation grade		F	:	
Protection grade	IP21S			
Dimension mm(L×W×H)	695×320×580	695×320×580	800×380×610	800×380× 810
NET WEIGHT	51kg	52kg	73kg	82kg

4.2 Plasma gas condition

➤ Gas pressure range: 0.5MPa~0.7MPa

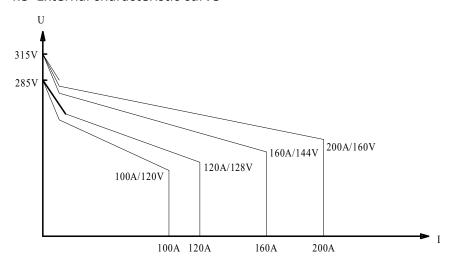
➤ Gas supply pipe compression strength: ≥1MPa

➤ Gas supply pipe inner dimension: ≥Φ8

Gas flow: ≥180L/min

Filter the water in the gas, then feed into the plasma

4.3 External characteristic curve

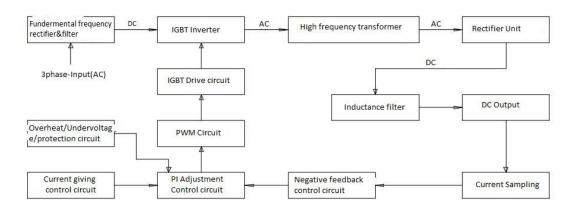


5 System instruction

Working principles

The control circuit of this cutting machine adopts advanced electronic part IGBT as the main inverter switch component. Three-phase AC power is converted to 20KHz high-frequency DC current after being rectified by three phase rectifier. Then under the function of IGBT inverter the DC current is inverted to AC high frequency current, which is inverted to DC current after experiencing voltage reduction in high frequency transformer, current rectifying in fast recovery diode. This DC current is filtered through reactor, and the output cutting current is obtained. Control circuit can control output current by controlling driven pulse width. The real time cutting current, which is obtained through current sensor connected to output terminal in series, is used as negative feedback control signal. After comparing with current adjusting signal, the negative control signal is sent to PWM adjusting integrated circuit, then a controlled driving pulse is output to control IGBT. Thereby a

constant output current can be maintained, and a steep dropping & constant current external characteristic is obtained. Striking arc adopts high-frequency striking model. The main circuit refers to appendix figure, and principle diagram of control circuit is shown as below figure.



6 Installation and operation

6.1 Moving and lifting

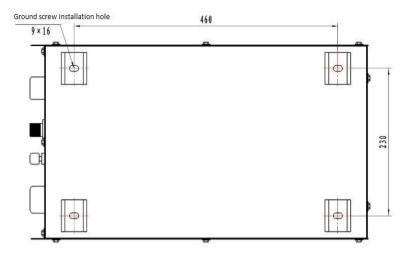
- Power source should be shut off before moving the cutter;
- The cutter bottom should be kept downwards during transportation. It is forbidden to have cutter placed transversely or upended;
- When lifting, it must be lifted vertically;
- During the long-distance transportation, it must prevent the cutter from raining and moving back and forth inside box. Shock absorption foam should be placed around cutter.

6.2 Open the packing and check

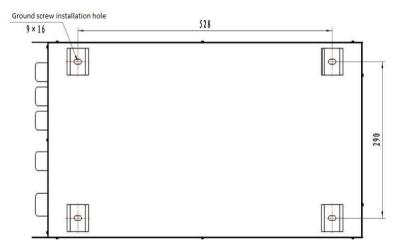
Check the machine and packing according to the packing list, of there is any damage, please try to contact the supplier.

6.3 The fix and installation of the plasma power source

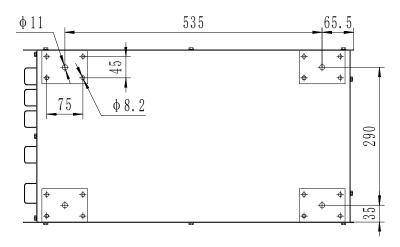
The mounting hole size of the automatic machine use plasma cutting machine (LGK-100 $\,{}^{^\circ}$ 120IGBT)



The mounting hole size of the automatic machine use plasma cutting machine (LGK-160IGBT)



The mounting hole size of the automatic machine use plasma cutting machine (LGK-200IGBT)



6.4 The connection of three phase input cable

- 1) The installation have to accord with related standard, and operate by professional persons;
- 2) Shut off the breaker of power, the connection operation only be allowed after turning off;
- 3) This machine use 3 phase 380V, 50Hz, user have to prepare relevant distribution box, air breaker and power cables. The power condition as the below sheet:

Model	The sectional area of	The sectional area of	Fuse (A)	Contact capacity
	input copper cable (mm²)	ground cable (mm²)		(A)
LGK-100IGBT	≥6	≥6	60	63
LGK-120IGBT	≥6	≥6	60	63
LGK-160IGBT	≥10	≥10	80	80
LGK-200IGBT	≥16	≥16	125	125

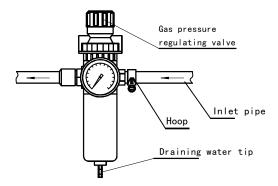
4) The connection of power lead

Use eligible cables and sockets to connect it, and must be operated by a qualified electrician.

5) Connection of ground cable

Connect the green-yellow wire of power source cable to ground (Model LGK-100/120IGBT, please connect it to ground on marking of the machine body), the sectional area must mate equirements in above form, to ground firmly. Ground connecting method should follow state standard.

1. The connection of compressed air and the operation of pressure regulating filter (The function of pressure regulating filter please check the below figure)



- 1) The compressed gas should meet the requirement mentioned in point "Plasma gas conditions". Connect the gas pipe with the gas inlet of air filter on the back panel and hoop it tightly.
- 2) The usage of pressure regulating filter is as follows. When it is to adjust pressure, lift up air pressure regulating valve, and rotate it. Left rotation aims to reduce outlet gas pressure, right rotation aims to increase outlet gas pressure. After the gas pressure is adjusted properly, press down regulating valve.
- 3) The air filter regulator should be checked periodically. If the water level reaches two-thirds of filter glass, it must be drained, or this will affect incision quality. The gas supply valve should be closed during water draining, and Gas Checking function is selected in panel. When the indicated valve of gas pressure meter is zero, water will drain out from drainage mouth automatically.
- 2. Connection of cooling water (LGK-100/120IGBT does not have this function)

Connect the copper nozzle marked with "water inlet" on the cutter rear side with water supply pipe, and tighten it.

Connect the copper nozzle marked with "Backwater" with water recycle pipe, and tighten it.

Notes: when use gas cooling torch, the torch selection switch on panel must be set to air-cooled torch position, and the cooling water cannot be connected with. The cooling water is for cooling torch only, and cutter power source does not need water cooling.

3. The connection of output terminal

- 1) The connection of torch
 - The torch model matched to plasma power source is as below:

Model	LGK-100、120	LGK-160	LGK-200
Torch	P80	160	200
model	Air cooling	Water cooling	Water cooling
Remarks	Damada		P80 under 120A
Reillarks		cu	rrent

The selection of torch nozzle

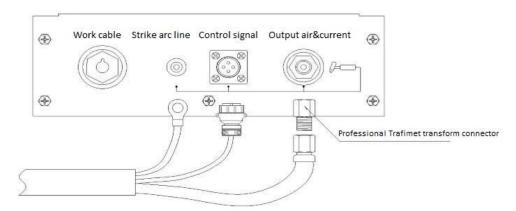
The best current range for different nozzles is different. Please select the nozzle according to below form.

Nozzle aperture diameter (mm)	1.0	1.2	1.4	1.6	1.8	2.0	2.2	2.4	2.6
Suitable current	20~30	30~40	40~65	70~00	80~10	110~13	140~17	180~21	220~25
(A)	20 30	30 40	40 65	70~90	0	0	0	0	0

• Connection of air-cooling torch: first connect the torch cable connector M14 nut with the copper nozzle

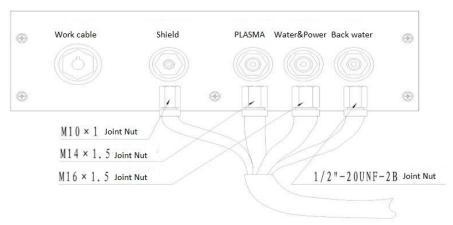
signed with Air & Power on the front bottom panel, and screw down the nut; then connect the torch pilot wire to terminal signed with Pilot on the front panel and screw down the nut. Finally, connect the torch control pin to the terminal signed with Control Signal on the front panel and screw down the nut.

The connection of Trafimet air cooling torch



Special notes: it should not exceed the rated current of torch when use air cooling torch, or it will be damaged by heat.

- Connection of water-cooled torch (for LGK-160/200): first connect the torch cable connector M16 nut with the copper nozzle marked with Water& Power output on the front panel, and screw down the nut. Connect the backwater pipe M10 nut of torch with the copper nozzle marked with Backwater on the front panel, and screw down the nut. Connect the torch gas pipe M14 nut with the copper nozzle marked with Air& Power output and screw down the nut. Then connect the pilot wire with the terminal marked with Pilot on the front panel, and screw down the nut. Finally, connect the control plug of torch with the socket marked with Control Signal, and screw down the plug nut.
- Connection of Hypertherm MAX200 machine use automatic torch (for LGK-160/200):



- The requirements on connection of control plug when customers change different torch from another factory.
 - Adopt WS20J4TQ 4-core pin from WEIPU Electrical Appliance Co., Ltd
 - > Requirements on air cooling torch connection:
 - a) Connect the 1, 2 pin of 4-core pin to switch control wire of cutting torch;
 - b) Short connect 3, 4 pin of 4-core pin by gummed wire;
 - c) Striking arc wire connects cold-press joint UT-8;
 - > Requirements on water cooling torch:
 - a) Connect the 1, 2 pin of 4-core pin to switch control wire of cutting torch;
 - b) The 3, 4 pin of 4-core pin don't connect any of wire;
 - c) Striking arc wire connects cold-press joint UT-8.

2) Connection of cutting ground cable

Connect the fast connector of cutting ground cable with the outlet marked with Cutting Ground cable on the front panel and screw down it clockwise. The other end of the cutting ground cable is firmly connected to work-piece.

4. Connection of control signal (for automatic cutting equipment)

The socket model of the connector is: WS20J7TQ, and the function for each wire pin is as following:

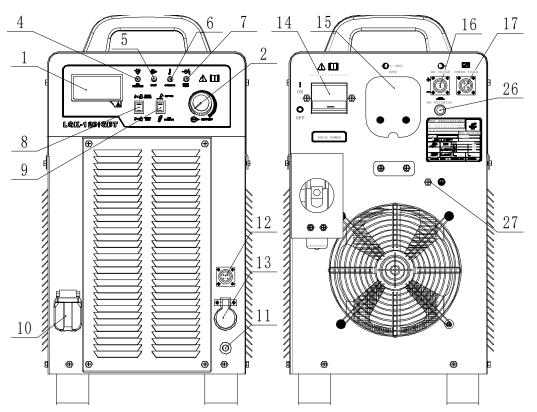
- 1) Connector pin 1 and pin 2 is signal output of success arc striking, it is one group of contact terminal of relay, and its rated load capability is 3A/250VAC or 3A/30VDC.
- 2) Connector pin 3 and pin 4 is start control wire of the cutter, its starting method is controlled by operating selection switch. Usually 2-Step is selected, that is, it starts under short connection, and stops after cutting off. The two wire is used in parallel with torch control socket pin 1, pin 2 on the front panel.
- The connection of water cooling machine intelligent communication interface (There is no this interface on LGK-100/120IGBT, when LGK-160/200IGBT use as water cooling, this interface will be used)

The socket model of the connector is: WS20J7TQ, and the function for each wire pin is as following:

- Connector pin 1 and pin 2 is signal output of success arc striking, it is one group of contact terminal of relay, it's
 on closing status when the cutter is working, and it's on breaking status when the cutter is not working. Its
 rated load capability is 0.3A/125VAC or 1A/30VDC;
- 2) Connector pin 3 and pin 4 is start control wire of the cutter, it is one group of contact terminal of relay, it's on closing status when the torch switch is on, and it's on breaking status when the torch switch is off. Its rated load capability is 0.3A/125VAC or 1A/30VDC;
- 3) Connector pin 5 and pin 6 is protection signal that water cooling machine output to plasma cutter, when short connect the pin 5 and 6, there will be no current and voltage output from the plasma cutter.

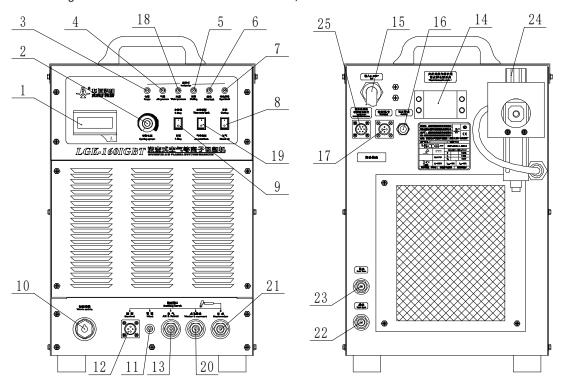
7 Panel and its functions

- 1. Digital ammeter: Displaying pre-set cutting current when not cutting, displaying real cutting current when cutting;
- 2. Cutting current adjusting knob: Adjusting cutting current;
- 3. Power indicator light: Indicating if the cutter is on power (The light only on LGK-160/200IGBT);
- 4. Air pressure indicator light: It is ON when the pressure of compressed air exceeds 0.2Mpa. It is OFF when the pressure is less than 0.15Mpa;
- 5. Starting indicator light: When the light ON means the cutting machine has started;
- 6. Overheating indicator light: It is ON when the cutter inside temperature is too high (Usually when the cooling fan is damaged);
- 7. Power Input fault indicator light: It is ON when power source default phase or it's power lower than 330VAC;
- 8. Gas control selection switch: When it's on "Checking gas", gas valve opens to test gas flow. When it's on "Cutting", the gas valve opens during cutting automatically;
- 9. Torch operation mode selection switch: When it turns on 2-Step, the torch switch should be pressed at the process of cutting, and the cutting stops after loosening the switch. When it turns on 4-Step, press the torch switch and loosen it, the cutting starts to work, and the stops after pressing the switch again;
- 10. Cutting ground cable socket: To connect the cutting ground cable;
- 11. Torch striking terminal: To connect torch striking wire;
- 12. The control socket of cutting torch: to connect the control signal wire of the cutting torch;



LGK-100,120IGBT panel function schematic diagram

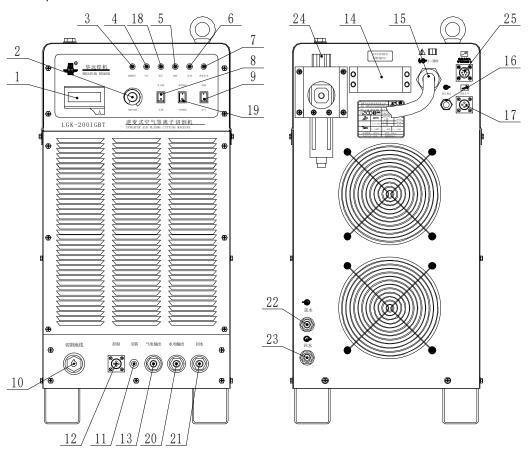
13. Air & Power output terminal: the current output terminal is also the compressed air output terminal. It is gas pipe connector to connect water-cooled torch when the water-cooled torch is used, and it is connector to connect torch gas-cooled cable when air-cooled torch is used;



LGK-160IGBT panel function schematic diagram

- 14. Power switch: To control the ON/OFF of 3-phase power supply of cutter;
- 15. Power input: it's connecting box on LGK-100/120IGBT and it's input leads on LGK-160/200IGBT, to connect the 3

- phase power. The green/yellow wire is the ground lead, it should be connected with ground firmly;
- 16. Arc voltage output: LGK-100/120IGBT is output socket (Pin 1 is "+" and pin 2 is "-"). The default arc voltage output is 1:1; LGK-160/200IGBT the arc voltage output wire is not connected out of the machine, If it is needed, please open the cutter top cover, and use two-core rubber wire to connect the wire terminal on printed board LGK7-AP5, which has four kinds of output signal: 1:1 ,1:20, 1:50 and 1:100; Please connect the wire according to the requirements, and pay attention to the negative and positive electrode;
- 17. Control signal connector: To control automatic cutting equipment (there is starting signal and arc striking success signal);
- 18. Hydraulic pressure indicating light: connect the cooling water supply, when water flow is higher than 0.45L/min, the indicator will be on;
- 19. Gas-cooling torch/water-cooling torch selection switch: gas-cooling torch is used only when it switches to gas cooling, and water-cooling torch is used under water cooling mode selected;
- 20. Water/Power output connector: the cutting current output terminal is also the water output connector, it is used to connect the water cooling cable;
- 21. Torch backwater connector: It is used to connect the water recycle pipe;
- 22. Water inlet connector: to connect the water outlet pipe of water cooling machine;
- 23. Backwater connector: to connect the backwater pipe of the water cooling machine;
- 24. Air pressure regulation filter: For adjusting the working pressure of compressed air and filtering the water in air;
- 25. The water cooling machine intelligent communication interface: this connector only be used when work with water cooling machine;
- 26. Fuse holder of arc voltage signal;
- 27. Ground protection terminal.



LGK-200 panel function schematic diagram

8 Protection function introduction

- 1) Air pressure protection
 - When the indicated value of the pressure meter, which is fixed on the back of the cutter, is lower than 0.2
 MPa, the protection circuit starts working and the cutter cannot start;
 - When the indicated value is lower than 0.15 MPa during cutting, the cutting arc will extinguish;

Note: When adjust the air pressure, the panel function must be set to 'checking gas'!

- 2) Water pressure protection(LGK-100/120IGBT does not have this function)
 - When the water supply is lower than 0.45L/min, protection circuit starts working and cutter cannot start;
 - When the water supply is lower than 0.4L/min during the process, protection circuit starts working and cutting arc extinguishes automatically;
- 3) Over-heat protection

When the ambient temperature is too high or the cooling fan is broken, the cutter will be over heated under the rated current, and heat protection circuit starts working, the cutting arc will extinguish automatically;

- 4) Abnormal power supply protection
 - When 3 phases power supply misses phase, protection circuit starts working and there is no arc striking;
 - When 3 phrase power supply is lower than 330VAC, protection circuit starts working and there is no arc striking;

Note: the water and air pressure protection function is for protecting the torch only!

- 5) Notes of anti-interference (Specially pay attention when work on CNC automatic cutting equipment)
 - Cover the whole torch cable (from torch holder to output terminal) of the cutter with shielding layer, the shielding layer should be metal hose or shielding net pipe made of aluminum or copper, metal materials which is magnetic conducted can not be used, the shielding layer don't need to connect with ground;
 - All the control lines which connected with plasma power source should be shielding wire, the shielding layer should be connected ground well;
 - The control system of CNC cutting machine should be away from the cutting table, torch cables and cutting torch head, especially the cutting torch heard. When striking arc, the high frequency spark arc on the cutting torch head may produce strong space spreading high frequency disturb signal, which may crash the control system;
 - There should be shields on the controller of CNC system, and the shielding layers should be ground connected well;
 - All the lines connected with CNC controller and cutting table should be shielding wire (Such as the control
 wire of step motor, limit switch etc.), and the shielding layers should be ground connected well;
 - The pile of the ground cable should be connected with ground well.

9 Operation

Safety notes



Operation strictly accordant with the following steps





Electric shock may hurt or even kill man.



Cutting may cause fire or explosion
(Splashes may ignite flammable materials nearby.
Those materials should be 10m away from the

	(Shut off the power during connec	tion		working place.
	(Do not touch the conducted par	rts		
	Fume & dust is harmful.			Arc may hurt your eyes and skin.
	(Do not breathe in the fume and o	dust		(Strong arc may hurt your eyes.
	caused by cutting			(Ultraviolet radiation generated by arc may hurt skin
	(Clean up the oil spot on work pie	ece.		and eyes. Please wear shielded guard when cutting.
<u> </u>	(Keep fresh air in working place	e		
	(Fume extraction equipment shoul	ld be		
	prepared.			
	Overheated part may hurt your sl	kin.		Fast moving thing may injure you.
	(Do not touch the overheated part			(Do not put your hands or other things into the fan
	the work piece.			shield.
tili mili	(Do not touch hot cable or torch ju	st by	N. C.	(Cover the opened case shell well during cutting
	hands.	,		operation.
				r your skin and eyes, please wear required guards
			_	curity and Hygiene rules. Electrode and nozzle should
			be repl	aced only after the cutter is power off.
	7 7	0	peration should	proceed according to related Labor and Security
				regulations.

- 2) Turn on the power switch after installation and connection. Then the power indicator lamp is ON;
- 3) Start gas supply equipment and turn on the gas supply switch, the power indicator lamp on the panel is ON. If the gas pressure is less than 0.25Mpa, the lamp will be OFF, then the gas source should be checked;
- 4) Start water supply equipment. The indicator lamp of water pressure on panel is ON when opens water supply valve. (LGK-100/120IGBT does not have this function)
- 5) Place the gas control switch to "Check Gas", adjust the Adjusting knob of air filter regulator to make the output pressure and flux fit cutting condition. After adjusting, place the knob on "Cutting" position. Select panel operation method and control switch point. At 2-Step point, the torch switch; should be pressed all the time during cutting. After loosening, the cutting comes to stop. At 4-Step point, press the torch switch and then loosen it, and cutting can start. User can make selection according to his operation habit;
- 6) Checking the panel indicator lamps. The indicator lamps status, under which cutting can be operated, is shown as following sheet.

Indicator	Power	Cutting	Gas	Water	Overheated	Supply
			pressure	pressure		abnormal
Status	ON	OFF	ON	ON	OFF	OFF

Notes: there is no water pressure indicator on LGK-100/120IGBT, and the water pressure indicator will be OFF when gas-cooled torch is applied on LGK-160/200 cutter.

7) Keep the torch nozzle 2mm~ 5mm away from work-piece. The axis line of nozzle should be perpendicular to

work-piece, and starts cutting from the edge of work-piece. When the plate thickness is ≤12mm, a hole can be drilled on work-piece and then cutting can be started around the hole. The cutting torch should inclined to one side a little during drilling a hole on work-piece, so that the molten metal can be blown away easily. To drill a hole by use of plasma arc is not proposed, because this will damage nozzle easily, it is better to drill a hole in arc striking point first, then strikes arc on the edge of hole. Press down torch switch, compressed gas sprays out from nozzle, and cutting indicating lamp is ON. After gas pre-flows for 1 to 2 seconds, high frequency is generated, arc is stroke, and cutting begins by moving torch;

When the control switch of operation method on front panel is at 2-Step point, press down the torch switch and cutting starts after arc striking. After loosening the switch, there is no voltage output, and cutting ends, and compressed gas stops supply in 9 seconds. When it is at 4-Step point, press down the switch and loosen it, and cutting starts after arc striking automatically. Press the switch again or press it till the arc is off, then there is no voltage output, cutting ends, and compressed gas stops supply in 9 seconds.

10 Cutting technology instruction

10.1 The related main technical parameters

1) Cutting material and thickness

The selection of cutting technical parameters is based on the cutting material and thickness. If the material is thick, it should adopt large current and nozzle with big aperture. For different material under the same thickness, the parameter should also be different.

2) Nozzle selection

The three main dimension of nozzle are the diameter of nozzle φ , the hole pass length ι and the compacted angle α , they all can affect the cutting. There should be a certain proportion between ι and φ , the value is usually lower than 2, and it usually takes $\frac{\iota}{\Phi}=1.5\sim1.8$, the compact angle usually takes $\alpha=30^\circ\sim60^\circ$, and now it usually takes $\alpha=30^\circ$.

3) Cutting current and arc voltage

The selection of cutting current should be according to the diameter of the nozzle, the relationship between the two should be as: $I(\text{current A}) = (70 \sim 100) \times \phi(\text{mm})$. As the increase of the metal thickness, the influence of arc current to the cutting speed will become less. But as the increase of current, the burning damage will be worse for the electrode and the nozzle. So when cutting a thick metal work-piece, usually the increase of cutting speed is made by increasing arc voltage. The actual arc voltage is decided not only by the gas type but also by the air flux and nozzle shape. Working voltage increases with the increase of gas flux.

4) Gas flow Q

The arc voltage increases as the increase of air flow, that is, the arc power, the cutting speed, as well as the cutting capacity and quality is improved accordingly. Because the arc compression level increases, the energy is more concentrated, the arc beam temperature, the arc spraying speed, as well as the arc current impulsion increases. But overlarge current may cause the instability of the plasma arc. Usually no change is made to air flow for one torch. But it can be adjusted a little when the cutting torch or cutting thickness is different.

5) Electrode inner contraction ΔL_y

When electrode inner contraction ΔL_y is so small that electrode extends into spray hole, electrode is damaged seriously by air flow impact and the combination function between high temperature gas and electrode. This leads to the instability of plasma arc, weak compression effect, and weak cutting penetration ability that cutting cannot be proceeded. If ΔL_y is too big, the arc is so unstable that the cutting ability is weakened. The electrode end should be placed within siphoning zone of gas current under a relative vacuum condition, and it will difficult to damage electrode by burning, as well as this is beneficial for compression of arc. ΔL_y is about 2-4mm.

6) The distance between the nozzle and the work-piece (d)

If the d is too big, the blow power of plasma arc for molten metal decreases, so does the cutting ability, and the burr on the bottom increases, meanwhile the instability of the arc increases. However, if the d is too small, it increases the possibility of short circuit between the nozzle and the work-piece. Usually d should be as small as possible on condition that no short circuit is caused between nozzle and work-piece. The d under normal cutting of air plasma is usually $2\sim5$ mm. The work-piece can also contact with the nozzle during air plasma cutting, that is, the nozzle glide on the surface of the work-piece. This cutting method is called contact cutting, and the cutting thickness is the half as the ordinary cutting.

7) Open circuit voltage

The power source with high open circuit voltage is required for cutting thick work-piece. The open circuit voltage is related with air type, for example, by using argon the open circuit voltage may be lower, while it is higher by using air, nitrogen, hydrogen.

8) Cutting speed

The cutting speed is related with many parameters. The main parameters determining cutting speed include work-piece thickness, cutting current, air flux and nozzle aperture. A proper drag is allowed during cutting. The cutting speed should be increased as much as possible, but the incision quality must be guaranteed.

10.2 Eliminate the cutting burr

1) The characteristics of the incision burr

The ordinary cutting surface is smooth and clean, but if the parameter selection is not suitable, and electrode centering is not good, then burn may be formed on the cutting surface.

Slag is formed by molten metal and its oxide which is adhesive to the bottom edge of incision and solidified. The reason for forming this slag is that the molten metal adhesive strength is bigger than the gravity and blow strength of metal oxide.

When cutting the alloy steel, the molten metal is difficult to be blown away because of its bad fluidity, in addition, the alloy steel have bad thermal conductivity, the incision bottom is over-heated easily, the left molten metal and incision bottom melts into one, thereby the irremovable and tough burr is formed.

On the contrary, the incision bottom is difficult to be melted together with molten metal, and the burr formed under incision is come off easily.

2) The factors affecting the forming of burr

- The fluidity of the molten metal is not good, when the power is too small or the plasma arc compression effect is not good, the temperature of molten metal during the cutting process is low, fluidity is weak, even if the air current blow force is strong, it is still difficult to blow away the metal completely, so the burr is formed.
 - When cutting the thick plate, the burr is caused by the drag of overlarge cutting seam. During the cutting process, the heat received by different parts of metal is different, the heat on the upper incision is larger than that of the lower incision, so the upper part melting speed is faster than that of lower part, thereby a distance between them is formed, it is called drag L of cutting seam. The drag size is related to plasma arc shape and cutting speed. When the flame is short while the cutting speed is too fast, drag L increases, so the vertical and horizontal blow force of the arc is formed, the vertical one helps to blow away the molten metal, while the horizontal one makes the molten metal flow backward along with incision bottom, this over-heated metal will melt parts of the bottom metal again, then the burr is formed when they cool down and melt together.
- The burr is caused by overheat bottom. When the cutting speed is too slow, but the incision bottom is so over-heated that it melts, the liquid metal flows to bottom metal and combines into one which makes the difficulty to blow away molten metal by air current, and then the burr is formed.
- The air current blow force is not enough. When cutting with plasma, the arc blow force consists of the air current blow force and the arc electromagnetic force, the air current blow force acts the main function. If the

air current blow force is not strong enough, it cannot ensure all the burr is flown away, then the burr is formed.

3) The measurement to eliminate burr

- Ensure the centering between electrode and nozzle precisely, so that the compression of the plasma arc is not damaged, the concentration of flame and cutting capacity can be guaranteed.
- Enough power to ensure the fluidity of molten metal, as well as increase the stability of the cutting speed and operation. This makes it possible to adopt large air flux to enlarge the air blow force, and beneficial for eliminating burr.
- Adjust suitable air flux and cutting speed. If the air flux is too small, the blow force is not enough, while if too big, the plasma arc will be shorten, the incision will be "V" shape, the drag enlarge. The burr can be formed under both conditions. When cutting speed is too slow, the incision is large and rough, the bottom is easy to be over-heated, while the cutting speed is fast, the drag is enlarged, this is not beneficial for eliminating burr.
- > So under certain circumstance, there exists a proper selection range for air flux and cutting speed.

4) Diminish the cutting surface slanting and rounding problem

The incision surface is a little slant and the upper side is a little round during cutting with air plasma. Though the slanting range is acceptable during the cutting process, in order to improve the cutting quality, people begins to pay attention to this problem. Usually slowing down the cutting speed properly can avoid the slanting, but this may enlarge the effect zone and incision width, as well as decrease the production capacity, so this measurement is not wildly used. Recently, people can avoid the slanting by improving the nozzle structure, this is called super cutting method. By adopting multi-hole nozzle during the cutting process, the air current from the small hole is parallel with that from the main hole, this can avoid the dispersing of the plasma flame on metal top, and then a parallel incision, square upper side and no metal slag seam on the lower side is obtained.

11 Troubleshooting & repair

- 1. If there is trouble caused by high voltage in the machine, a professional electrician or serviceman of our company is required to repair it.
- 2. Please check following first when there is trouble.
 - 1) The three-phase power should be 380±40VAC, check if it misses phase or voltage fluctuation exceeds its required range of power supply;
 - 2) Check if the supply abnormity indicator lamp is ON. If it is ON, check if the three-phase power switch of distribution box is damaged, and if the fuse and the machine power wire are well equipped. Otherwise it will cause phase missing or bad contact, which makes the machine work abnormally:
 - 3) Check if the torch switch and its wire are damaged or short-circuit, and if the nozzle and electrode are damaged;
 - 4) If the control plug is connected mistakenly after user exchanging a different torch from another manufacturer, please proceed the checking as per "torch connection" mentioned in instruction manual.
 - 5) Check if the cutting ground wire is well connected;
 - 6) Check if the water in compressed air filter fixed at the back of machine is drained regularly;
 - 7) Check if the gas pressure indicator lamp on the panel is ON. If it is not ON, check if compressed gas pipe is well connected, and if the gas pressure is normal. When the gas pressure is less than 0.3Mpa, the lamp is not ON.
 - 8) When the water cooling torch is applied, check if the water pressure indicator lamp on panel is ON. If it is not ON, check if the cooling water current is normal.
 - 9) Check if the overheat indicator lamp on panel is ON. If yes, check if the temperature relay on the radiator is damaged or not.
 - 10) Open the machine top to check if the lead-typed fuse next to the control transformer has been fused;

Trouble	Reasons	Solutions
1. When the power is	1.Three-phase power misses phase	1.Check three-phase power source
switched on, the lamp	2.Supply power switch is damaged	2.Change power switch
and the digital meter are not ON.	3.Power control fuse 3A is broken	3.Change power control fuse
2 . Supply abnormal	Three-phase power misses phase	Check three-phase power source to ensure
indicator lamp is ON	2. Three-phase power is overload under	the supply voltage accords with the supply
without arc striking	voltage	requirements.
	The ambient temperature is too high.	1. Let the cutter rest for a while, and will
3. No arc striking or arc	2. When cutting, cooling fan rotates	come to work normally later.
breaking during cutting.	slowly or do not rotate, so the cooling	2. Check fan power source or change cooling
Overheat indicator lamp	effect is weak.	fan
is ON.	3. Temperature relay is damaged	3. Change temperature relay
4. It cannot start. Gas	No gas pressure	1. connect the gas source
pressure lamp is not	2. The gas supply pressure is too low	2. Adjust gas supply pressure
ON.	3. LGK AP1 is damaged	3. change LGK AP1
	1 . Cutting ground wire is not well	Connect the cutting ground wire well
5. no arc striking,	connected.	2. Lower the gas supply pressure
cutting indicator lamp,	2. Gas pressure is too high.	3. Change the electrode and nozzle
gas pressure lamp are	3. Torch electrode and nozzle are badly	4. Change the torch
ON, and power supply	broken.	5. Change HF board
abnormity indicator	4. Torch electrode and arc striking wire is	_
lamp and overheat	short circuit, which cause the damage of	
lamp are not ON.	torch.	
•	5. HF board is damaged.	
	1. Gas pressure is too high or too low.	Adjust gas pressure
	2. The Air filter regulator cup is filled.	2. Water draining regularly
	3. Work-piece is too thick	3. The thickness of workpiece should be
6. Weak cutting quality	4. Torch electrode and nozzle are broken	within the quality cutting range.
	5. Plasma arc is not perpendicular to the	4. Change electrode and nozzle
	work-piece	5. Adjust torch angle
	6. Cutting speed is too fast or too slow	6. Adjust cutting speed
	1, Gas pressure is two low	Adjust gas pressure
	2,Nozzle is too close to work-piece. The	2. The distance should be within 2mm to
	distance is less than 2mm.	5mm
· · · · · · ·	3. nozzle aperture is small, and not	3. select a proper nozzle matched with
7. Electrode and nozzle	matched with applied current.	applied current.
work life is very short.	4. electrode and nozzle is under quality	4. change a good quality electrode and nozzle.
	problem.	5. buy a good quality torch.
	5. the torch bought by user himself is	
	under quality problem.	
	1.fast recovery diode of secondary	1. change fast recovery diode under same
8.no arc striking, and	rectifying is damaged.	model.
guiding arc spraying	2.current-limiting resistor R6,R7,R8 of	2. check and change the damaged
out, but there is high	guiding arc is damaged.	current-limiting resistor of guiding arc.
frequency.	3.high frequency leakage in cutter	3. check leakage point, and strengthen
	output circuit.	insulation function.
	1.three phases rectifier is damaged.	1.change a three phases rectifier under same
	2.IGBT module is damaged.	model.
9.supply power trips	3.other components in main control	2.change IGBT module under same model.
	circuit is damaged.	3.check and change the damaged
		components.

If the troubles cannot be resolved, please inform our local agent of the specific problems or contact us directly.

Some popular components sheet as below:

No.	Code	Name	Model	Remarks
			CM100DC-24NFM	LGK-100、120IGBT
1	V2、V3	IGBT module	CM150DC-24NFM	LGK-160IGBT
	1 VZ, V3 IGBT Module		CM200DC-24NFM	LGK-200IGBT
2	TA4 TA2	Hall sensor	TKC-100BS	LGK-100、120IGBT
2	TA1、TA2	Hall sensor	TKC-200BS	LGK-160、200IGBT
3	054	Air breaker	DZ47-63/3P D63	LGK-100、120、160IGBT
3	QF1	Air breaker	CDB2-125/3P/D100	LGK-200IGBT
4	TC1	Control transformer	LGK7-1	
5	TC2	Control transformer	LGK7-2	
6	YV1	Electropneumatic valve	DF2-B-2/36V AC	
7	YV2	Electropneumatic valve	Q22XD-5-36V AC	
8	EV1	Cooling fan	200FZY2-D/AC220	
9	RP1	Potentiometer	RV24YN-20S-B502	
10	KT1	Temperature replay	JUC-6F-75℃	
11	BP1	Pressure controller	YKC 0.3/0.25	
12		Control board	PL07	LGK-160、200IGBT
13		Program control board	LGKAP1	
14		Main control board	LGK7-AP2	
15		High frequency board	HFAP1	
16		Arc striking board	PL05	
17		Air filter regulator	GFR-200-08	LGK-100、120IGBT
		All filler regulator	GFR-300-10	LGK-160、200IGBT

12 Packing list

1. Plasma cutting power source

1

1

2. Plasma cutting torch

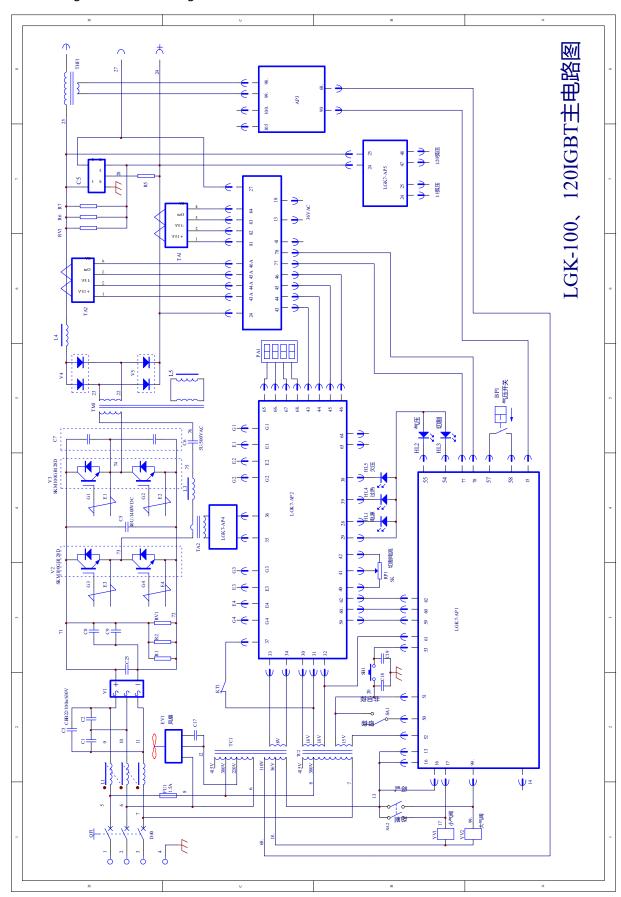
Plasma model	LGK-100/120	LGK-160	LGK-200
Torch type	Air cooling	Air cooling type/water cooling	Air cooling type/water cooling
Toren type	type	type	type
Quantity	1	Optional	Optional

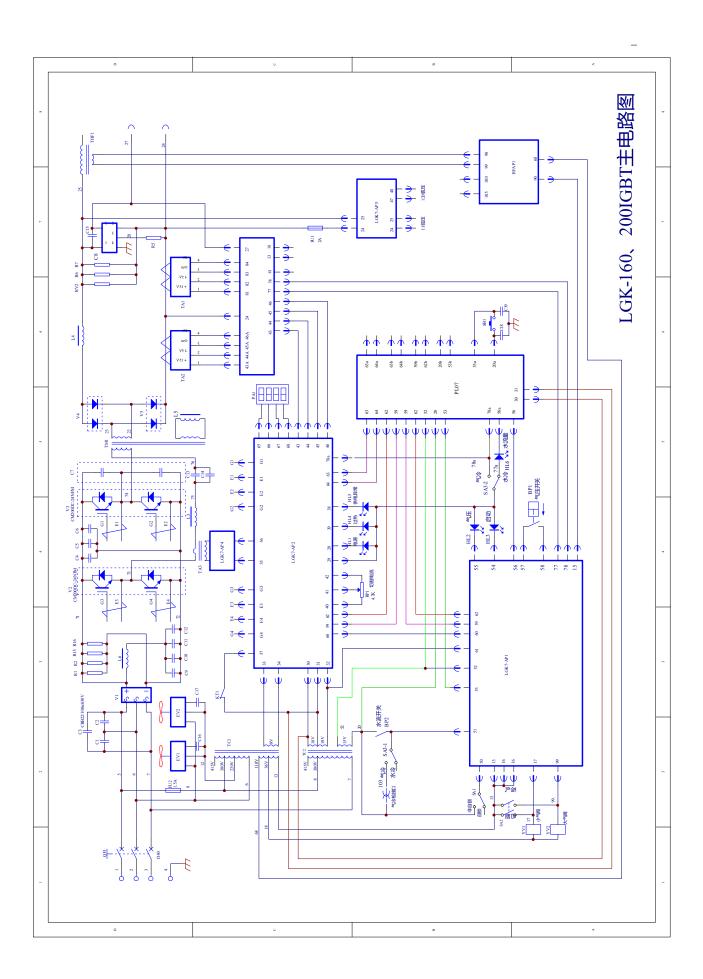
3、 Ground cable

4. Certification 1

5. Guarantee card 1

Operations manual 1





The final explanation rights reserved to Huayuan Company!

If there is any changes in the user's manual, forgive not to inform separately!

Chengdu Huayuan Electric equipment Co.,Ltd.

Address: Wuhou National Science Park, Chengdu, China

Postcode: 610045

Telephone:0086-28-85744098

Fax:0086-28-85744095

E-mail: hy_sales@126.com huayuanwelder@163.com

www.hwayuan.com